## Supply Worksheet

DIRECTIONS: Using the following information, plot a supply curve on the graph provided.

Because of their current costs of production and yields, apple producers are willing to produce the following quantities at the respective price levels.

Price per Lb.
$\$ .12$
\$. 13
\$. 14
\$. 15
\$. 16
6
.

Tons of Apples Produced
26 Tons
29 Tons
33 Tons
38 Tons
43 Tons


Food for Thought:
A. Why is the term supply curve used instead of supply line?
B. From left to right, does the supply curve go upward or downward?
C. As price increased, supply $\qquad$ (increased, decreased).

[^0]
## Shifts in Supply

Alar, an apple pesticide, is banned from use, causing the cost of producing apples to skyrocket. Using the following information, plot another supply curve on the chart to reflect how this would affect the supply of apples at the various price levels.

| Price Per Lb. | Tons of Apples Produced |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\$ .12$ |  | 10 Tons |
| $\$ .13$ |  | 14 Tons |
| $\$ .14$ |  | 19 Tons |
| $\$ .15$ |  | 25 Tons |
| $\$ .16$ |  | 31 Tons |



Pounds Purchased

Food For Thought:
A. What happened to the supply curve and why?
B. List other factors that could possibly cause shifts in the supply of apples?


[^0]:    *Worksheet developed by Barry Arey, Martin Auville, Sam Saufley, and Doug Rinker for use in the Domestic and International Marketing in Agriculture instructional units.

